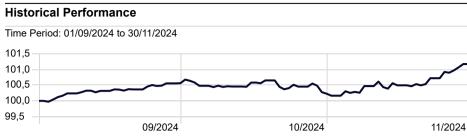
EDM-Ahorro L FI

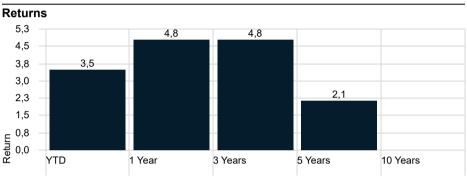


Fund's Data Categoría Europe Fixed Income Patrimonio Total Fondo 406.696.793 € Morningstar Rating Overall **** Low Carbon Designation (ESG) No Morningstar Sustainability Rating™ **** Fecha Lanzamiento 22/12/2017 ISIN ES0168673004

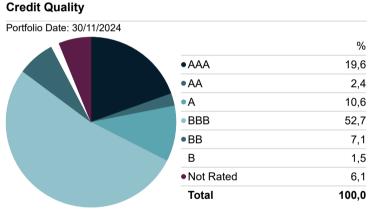


EDM-Ahorro L FI								
	YTD	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
Return	3,48	5,33	-4,08	-2,18	-0,19	_		

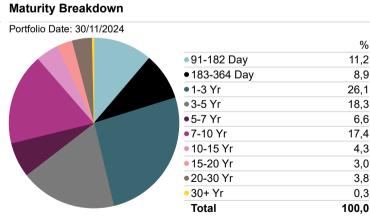
Risk Time Period: 01/12/2021 to 30/11/2024 Volatilidad 2,44 Downside Deviation 0,73 Alpha — Beta — R2 — Sharpe Ratio — Tracking Error 1,20



Top 10 Portfolio Date: 30/11/2024 % • Germany (Federal Republic Of) 2,7 United States Treasury Bonds 1,5 Spain (Kingdom of) 1,4 Barclays PLC 1,3 • ING Groep N.V. 1,2 Deutsche Bank AG 1,2 Other 90.9 Total 100,0



Sectors Exposure		
Portfolio Date: 30/11/2024		
		%
	Government	24,7
	Corporate Bond	52,4
	Preferred Stock	0,0
	Agency Mortgage-Backed	0,0
	 Non-Agency Residential Mortgage-Backed 	0,0
	Commercial Mortgage-Backed	0,0
	Covered Bond	0,0
	 Asset-Backed 	0,0
	Cash & Equivalents	22,8
	● Swap	0,0
	Total	100,0



Investment Strategy

Invests in the money market and debentures, primarily in euros. Actively manages the duration and maturity structure based on yield spreads and interest rate prospects.

■EDM-Ahorro L FI

Signatory of:



EDM-Ahorro L FI



Fund's Manager comment EDM Ahorro

Equities performed well in November. Both sovereign and corporate debt closed with positive results on either side of the Atlantic.

The month's main event was the US presidential election, which resulted in a victory for Donald Trump. This, coupled with the publication of favourable macro data in the US, buoyed risk assets.

Trump is widely expected to stimulate US growth, despite misgivings about the effect his policies may have on inflation and, subsequently, interest rates and sovereign debt, not to mention the potential knock-on effects on medium-term growth. In light of this uncertainty, Treasury interest rates suffered high volatility in November, with 10Y rates at 4.2% (-11 bps) and the 2Y equivalent at 4.19% (+2 bps). In terms of valuation, Treasuries rose 0.8% during the month, to stand at 2.23% YTD.

European sovereign debt rates dipped, consistent with the downward revision of growth and inflation figures in the eurozone, in addition to further interest-rate cuts by the ECB in the months ahead. European sovereign debt climbed +2.3% in November, though French sovereign debt gained a mere +1.8% due to the country's budgetary situation. Meanwhile, interest rates on German 2Y and 10Y debt fell 34 bps to 1.92% and 2.05%, respectively.

Sharp cuts in sovereign debt rates across Europe underpinned the positive performance of corporate credit, though the spread widened slightly (+2 bps IG and +19 bps HY BB-B). European investment-grade credit jumped 1.65% in November (5.11% YTD), while the high-yield BB-B counterpart rose 0.65% (7.7% YTD).

With regard to portfolio changes in November, we sold certain HY and subordinated corporate bonds, which performed admirably in recent months but whose current valuations, vis-à-vis senior IG and sovereign qualities, are very demanding. We also bought top quality, euro-denominated senior IG bonds with some duration.

In early November, duration increased (to 3.7), with sovereign purchases. In recent days, given falling rates in Europe, the portfolio's duration shrank to 2.54, minimising long-term sovereign exposure and boosting the short-term equivalent.

Past performance is no guarantee for the future. This document does not constitute an offer or recommendation to acquire or sell, or to perform any other transaction. No information contained in this report should be interpreted as advice or guidance, but rather should be regarded as the opinions of the Management Company, which may change. Investment or divestment decisions regarding the Fund should be taken by the investor in accordance with any legislation in force at any given time. The return obtained in the past is not a guarantee of future return. Investments in the Funds are subject to market fluctuations and other risks inherent to investment in securities, whereby the acquisition value of the Fund and the return obtained may undergo changes, upwards or downwards, which may not allow an investor to recover the amount initially invested. Fluctuations in currency rates may also increase and decrease the Fund's return.

Source: Morningstar Direct